# Concordia University Department of Computer Science and Software Engineering

# Advanced Programming Practices SOEN 6441 --- Fall 2017

### **Project Build 2 Grading**

#### Instructions for Incremental Code Build Presentation

You must deliver an operational version demonstrating a subset of the capacity of your system. This is about demonstrating that the code build is effectively aimed at solving specific project problems or completely implementing specific system features. The code build must not be just a "portion of the final project", but rather be something useful with a purpose on its own, that can be demonstrated by its operational usage.

The presentation should be organized as follows:

- 1. Brief presentation of the goal of the build.
- 2. Brief presentation of the architectural design of your project.
- 3. Demonstration of the functional requirements as listed on the following grading sheet.
- 4. Demonstration of the use of tools as listed on the following grading sheet.

You are graded according to how effectively you can demonstrate that the features are implemented. If you cannot really demonstrate the features through execution, you will have to prove that the features are implemented by explaining how your code implements the features, in which case you will get only partial marks.

During your presentation, you have to demonstrate that you are well-prepared for the presentation, and that you can easily provide clear explanations as questions are asked about the functioning of your code, or your required usage of the tools/techniques.

Before the presentation starts, you have to submit your current project code base to the Electronic Assignment Submission System under "project 2".

#### Identification

Team	Evaluator	Signature	Date

## Grading

Presentation	5	
Effectiveness, structure and demonstrated preparation of the presentation	2	
Fluid exposition of knowledge of code base/clarity of explanations	3	
Functional Requirements	30	
Map editor	6	
User-driven creation of map elements, such as country, continent, and connectivity between countries.	2	
Saving a map to a file exactly as edited (using the "conquest" game map format).		
Loading a map from an existing "conquest" map file, then editing the map, or create a new map from scratch.		
Verification of map correctness upon loading and before saving (at least 3 types of incorrect maps, including unconnected map and unconnected continent).	2	
Game Play	24	
Implementation of a "phase view" using the Observer pattern.	2	
Implementation of a "players world domination view" using the Observer pattern.		
Logging window that clearly demonstrates that the game phases and rules are properly applied.		
Implementation of the reinforcement, attack and fortification as methods of the Player class.		
Startup phase	2	
Game starts by user selection of a user-saved map file, then loads the map as a connected graph. User chooses the number of players, then all countries are randomly assigned to players. Players are allocated a number of initial armies, depending on the number of players. In round-robin fashion, the players place one by one their given armies on their own countries.		
Reinforcement phase	4	
Calculation of correct number of reinforcement armies according to the Risk rules. Players place reinforcement armies on the map.	2	
Implementation of a "card exchange view" using the Observer pattern.	2	
Attack phase		
Player can declare an attack by selecting attacker and attacked country.		
Attacker and attacked player decide how many dice to roll.		
Proper number of armies are deducted from attacker/defender country.		
If defender is conquered, attacker can move any number of its armies in the conquered country. If it results in conquering the whole map, the attacker is declared the winner and the game ends.		
Player may decide to attack or not to attack again. If attack not possible, attack automatically ends.		
Fortification phase		
Implementation of a valid fortification move according to the Risk rules.	2	
Programming process	15	
<b>Architectural design</b> —short document including an architectural design diagram. Short but complete and clear description of the design, which should break down the system into cohesive modules. The architectural design should be reflected in the implementation of well-separated modules and/or folders.	3	
<b>Software versioning repository</b> —well-populated history with many dozens of commits, distributed evenly among team members, as well as evenly distributed over the time allocated to the build and the whole project. A tagged version should have been created for build 1 and 2.		
API documentation—completed for <u>all</u> files, <u>all</u> classes and <u>all</u> methods. All test classes and test cases properly documented. Run Javadoc to demonstrate that the documentation is complete for the whole code.		
Unit testing framework—at least 25 relevant test cases testing the most important aspects of the code. Must include tests for: (1) map validation – including map and continents being connected graphs; (2) reading an invalid map file; (3) validation of a correct startup phase; (4) calculation of number of reinforcement armies; (5) various test for the attack phase – including attacker/defender validation, valid move after conquering, and end of game; (6) validation of a correct fortification phase. There must be a 1-to-1 relationship between implementation classes and test classes. Presence of a single test suite from which to run all test cases.		
<b>Coding standards</b> —documented description of coding standard used. Consistent and proper use of code layout, naming conventions and comments, absence of "commented out" code, presence of comments to describe the process followed by long methods.	3	
Total	50	