Stuart Thiel

.

SOEN 387 Web-based Enterprise Application Design

Stuart Thiel

Concordia University
Department of Computer & Software Engineering

Fall, 2015

What are RDGs again?

- ► They hold raw data from DB records
- ▶ They provide DB interaction behaviour

SOEN 387 Web-based Enterprise Application Design

Stuart Thiel



- Behaviour associated with elements specific to the application
- ► Elements that have meaning to the users of the application
- Not specifically programmatic classes

- ▶ What if we wanted to do something?
- What if we wanted to qualify data?
- What if we wanted to compare things?
- ▶ Does .compareTo() or .equals belong in RDG?

SOEN 387 Web-based Enterprise Application Design

Stuart Thiel



- ▶ So, if we just add Domain Logic to RDGs, we get the Active Record pattern
- ▶ Popular with Microsoft for a long time. . . maybe still
- ▶ It works, but low cohesion in those classes
 - Domain Logic
 - Raw Database Data
 - ▶ DB interaction behaviour

- So why not make a POJO that represents the record in memory
- Keep it totally separate from the DB stuff
- Then it could hold Domain Logic and that would make sense

What About RDG Database Behaviour?

- ▶ We still need to interact with the DB
- ▶ In exactly the same way...
- ▶ But we don't want to store the data in whatever does it

SOEN 387 Web-based Enterprise Application Design

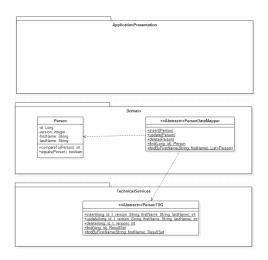
Stuart Thiel

- A Table Data Gateway (TDG) fits the bill
- Abstract Class with static methods to do everything
- Takes raw data and adjusts DB
- ▶ Takes DB and returns raw data (RecordSets)
- Doesn't know or care about these POJOs

- ► So where do we get the POJO?
- ► The TDG is at a lower level, POJO is clearly in Domain
- We need something that can use the TDG as a service to decide which POJOs to make

- ► The Data Mapper fits this well!
- It takes raw data/POJOs in finders and uses the TDG service to get ResultSets
- It then converts the ResultSets into one or more POJO as needed
- ▶ It takes the related POJOs and pulls out necessary raw data for insert/update/delete using the TDG service
- One Mapper per type of POJO
- ▶ Inheritance? Think about it, but we'll do that later.

Diagram of POJO/TDG/DM



► Splits off the database behaviour from everything else

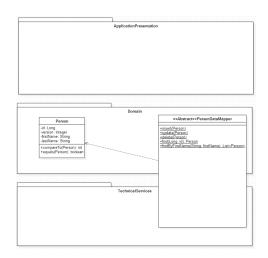
SOEN 387 Web-based Enterprise Application Design

Stuart Thiel



- Fowler Merges the Data Mapper and TDG and calls it a Data Mapper
- ▶ It spans two Layers...is that good?
- ► Larman identifies that it's easy and sensible to just split it into the two we use.

Diagram of Fowler's DM



 Does everything that Larman's version does, just all in one class SOEN 387 Web-based Enterprise Application Design

Stuart Thiel



SOEN 387 Web-based Enterprise Application Design

Stuart Thiel

- How do we know which POJOs to use?
- ► This is the most fundamental question in your webapp architecture
- Talk with client, understand requirements
- Make a Domain Model Diagram that makes sense to them

- Forget Players for now, let's talk about the game
- We conceptually have Teams
- ▶ We conceptually have Pilots
- Are Teams first-class objects?
- Are Pilots first-class objects

- What are the behaviours in this game?
 - Pilots join teams
 - Teams group pilots for the player
 - ► Team composition varies
 - ► There are unspecified restrictions on composition
 - Teams will compete

SOEN 387 Web-based Enterprise Application Design

Stuart Thiel



Where Does Team/Pilot Behaviour Belong?

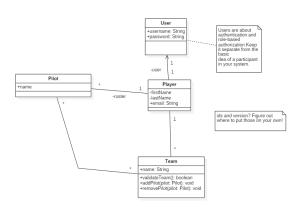
- ► So, should the Teams track winning?
- ► Should the Pilots track everything else?

SOEN 387 Web-based Enterprise Application Design

Stuart Thiel



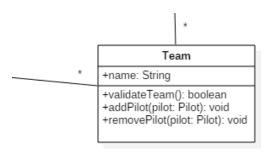
Assignment OO Design Diagram



SOEN 387 Web-based Enterprise Application Design

Stuart Thiel

Conservative OO Design Diagram



SOEN 387 Web-based Enterprise Application Design

Stuart Thiel

- ▶ Teams store all their pilots
- Does it make sense to do that in a "Team" table?
- What about team names
- ▶ Are the rules for validating a team stored here?
- Are records of wins/losses described in the diagrams?
- ▶ How do we know who was on a team when it won/lost?
- Other temporal issues: tracking history

- Let us leave history and tracking aside for now
- ▶ Does it need to validate the rules before saving a Team to the DB?
- What records does it need to store?
- When reading from the database, what should it provide for the Team Domain Object?
- Maybe a list of pilots?
- ▶ Is that structural or behavioural? Maybe we can consider that later...

- Decide if a Team is valid
- Add Pilots
- ▶ Remove Pilots
- ...leave the rest for now